SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Names

Product name : Dettol Antiseptic Disinfectant (Liquid)

SDS no. : D0059298 **Formulation #** : 930666 AUSTRALIA

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OEÓÞKÁFÏÁ€€HÁGÏIÁÌÍÍ

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NEW ZEALAND

Reckitt Benckiser (New Zealand) Limited 2 Fred Thomas Drive, Takapuna, Auckland, New Zealand 0622

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Poison Information contact : Australia - 13 11 26

New Zealand - 0800 764 766 or 0800 POISON

<u>Uses</u>

Product use : Antiseptic.

2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : DANGER

Hazard statements : Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements

General : Read carefully and follow all instructions. Keep out of reach of children. If medical

advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention: Wear eye or face protection.

Response : IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Get medical

attention.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or doctor.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Not applicable.

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3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
propan-2-ol	≤10	67-63-0
alpha-Terpineol	≤10	98-55-5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

The total concentration of ingredients in this product, reported or not in this section, is 100%.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

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4. First-aid measures

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous thermal

: No specific fire or explosion hazard.

decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide halogenated compounds

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Hazchem code : Not applicable

Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

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6. Accidental release measures

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Australia

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
propan-2-ol	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019). STEL: 1230 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 983 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.

New Zealand

Occupational exposure limits

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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Isopropyl alcoholÁǦ[]æjEŒţ D	NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 983 mg/m³ 8 hours. WES-STEL: 1230 mg/m³ 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>

Physical state : Liquid. [Clear.]

Colour Amber. Odour : Not available. Not available. **Odour threshold**

9.9 to 10.15 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%]

Melting point/freezing point Not available. **Boiling point, initial boiling** : Not available. point, and boiling range

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9. Physical and chemical properties

Flash point : Closed cup: 40°C (104°F) [Dettol® Liquid has a flash point of 40° C and a fire point

of 60° C but does not support combustion at 60° C and 75° C*.

* Testing performed at Intertex Testing Services, Ltd., Western Jetty, Immingham Docks, Immingham, U.K., carried out in accordance with International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulations, effective January 2002.] [Product does

not sustain combustion.]

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability : Not available.
Lower and upper explosion : Not available.

Vapour pressure : Not available.

Relative vapour density : Not available.

Relative density : 0.969 to 1.009

Density : 0.969 to 1.009 g/cm³ [25°C (77°F)]

Solubility(ies) :

MediaResultcold waterEasily solublehot waterEasily soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

limit/flammability limit

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.Decomposition temperature: Not available.Viscosity: Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

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11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Dettol Antiseptic Liquid_FF930666 (D0059298) ANZ	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	9850 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male	15900000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	17400000 mg/kg	-
propan-2-ol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
alpha-Terpineol	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.2 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
propan-2-ol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
alpha-Terpineol	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	4 hours 100	-
				%	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Mouse	-	50 %	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin Mild irritant

Eyes Severely irritating to eyes.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Respiratory

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Dettol Antiseptic Liquid_FF930666 (D0059298) ANZ	skin	Human	Not sensitizing

Conclusion/Summary

Skin Non-sensitiser to skin.

Respiratory Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Conclusion/Summary

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
propan-2-ol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: **Eye contact**

> pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Skin contact

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Germ Cell Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Teratogenicity Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Developmental effects**

Numerical measures of toxicity

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11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	15900000 mg/kg

12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
propan-2-ol	Acute EC50 7550 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
alpha-Terpineol	Acute LC50 1400000 μg/l Marine water Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 6.3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours 96 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
alpha-Terpineol	-	80 % - Readily - 28	days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	S	Biodegradability
alpha-Terpineol	-		-		Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
propan-2-ol	0.05	-	low
alpha-Terpineol	2.98		low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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14. Transport information

	ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Not scheduled

Australian Inventory of **Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)** All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory of

Chemicals (NZIoC)

All components are listed or exempted.

HSNO Approval Number Approved Handler Requirement

Not available. Not applicable.

Tracking Requirement

Not applicable.

16. Other information

Key to abbreviations

: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Rail

IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons

UN = United Nations

SWA = Safe Work Australia

HSNO = Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996

Date of issue / Date of

revision

: 14/12/2022

: çFÈ€Š Version

Procedure used to derive the classification

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16. Other information

Classification	Justification
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	On basis of test data

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.

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